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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form



DECEMBER 31, 2007

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KEMPISTY & COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, P.C.

15 MAIDEN LANE - SUITE 1003 - NEW YORK, NY 10038 - TEL (212) 406-7272 - FAX (212) 513-1930

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Matchett Capital, LLC

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets, liabilities and members' equity of Matchett Capital, LLC as of December 31, 2007 and the related statements of revenues and expenses, changes in members' equity and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Matchett Capital, LLC at December 31, 2007 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I and II is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Kempisty & Company

Certified Public Accountants PC

Kempishy & Company LPAS PL

New York, New York

February 22, 2008

STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY

DECEMBER 31, 2007

ASSETS

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Cash	\$	75,440
Due from broker dealers (Note 7)		84,347
Securities owned at market (Note 8)		39,000
Prepaid expenses		5,590
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	204,377
LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY		
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	82,346
TOTAL LIABILITIES		82,346
Commitments and contingent liabilities		-
Members' equity	_	122,031
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY	\$	204,377

STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Revenues:	
Commissions	\$ 1,919,833
Private placement fees	324,941
Other income	35,000
Realized loss on investment securities	(9,069)
Unrealized gain on investment securities	2,830
Total Revenue	2,273,535
Expenses:	
Commission payments to members	945,000
Execution fees	761,796
Compensation and employee benefits	337,462
Travel and entertainment	167,089
Commissions	86,452
Professional fees	65,859
Rent	49,182
Communications	36,926
Office expense and supplies	24,083
Regulatory fees	751
Total Expenses	2,474,600
Net loss	\$(201,065)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBERS' EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Members' equity at January 1, 2007	\$	48,643
Net loss		(201,065)
Member contribution	_	274,453
Members' equity at December 31, 2007	\$	122.031

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Increase (Decrease) in cash

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net loss	\$	(201,065)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) in due from broker dealers		(84,347)
(Increase) in securities owned at market		(39,000)
(Increase) in prepaid expenses		(5,590)
Increase in accounts payable		82,346
Total adjustments		(46,591)
NET CASH USED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	_	(247,656)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Member contribution		274,453
CASH PROVIDED BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	_	274,453
NET INCREASE IN CASH		26,797
CASH		
Beginning of year	_	48,643
End of year	s	75,440

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2007

NOTE 1- ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Organization

Matchett Capital, LLC (the "Company"), was formed as a New York limited liability company on September 7, 2006, is registered as a broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and became a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") on May 7, 2007.

Nature of Business

The Company earns commission income by referring customers to another broker-dealer. The Company also earns fees from doing private placements of securities on a best efforts basis.

NOTE 2- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company is engaged in various investment and brokerage activities in which counterparties primarily include broker-dealers, banks, and other financial institutions. In the event counterparties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counterparty or issuer of the instrument. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counterparty.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the Company's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying value of financial instruments including cash, receivable from broker dealers and accounts payable, approximates their fair value due to the relatively short-term nature of these

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

The Company does not expect the adoption of recent accounting pronouncements to have any material impact on its financial condition or results of operations

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2007

NOTE 2- SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Comprehensive Income

The Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 130, "Reporting Comprehensive Income" ("SFAS No. 130"). SFAS No. 130 requires an entity to report comprehensive income and its components and increases financial reporting disclosures. This standard has no impact on the Company's financial position, cash flows or results of operations since no elements of the Company's comprehensive income exist other than the loss from operations.

NOTE 3- INCOME TAXES

No provisions for federal and state income taxes are made in the financial statements as these taxes are the responsibility of the members under this form of organization.

NOTE 4- COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company has entered into a lease agreement for office space which expires on December 31, 2009. Remaining commitments under the lease are as follows:

Year ending December 31,	<u>Amount</u>	
2008	\$ 57,780	
2009	 65,420	
	\$ 123,200	

NOTE 5- NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") and is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1. This Rule requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital may not exceed 15 to 1, (for the first year of operations the ratio is 8 to 1) and equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. At December 31, 2007, the Company's net capital was \$71,005 which was \$60,712 in excess of its required net capital of \$10,293. The Company's aggregate indebtedness to net capital ratio was 1.16 to 1.

NOTE 6- EXEMPTION FROM RULE 15c3-3

The Company is exempt from the Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c3-3 and, therefore, is not required to maintain a "Special Reserve Bank Account for the Exclusive Benefit of Customers".

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2007

NOTE 7- RECEIVABLE FROM BROKER-DEALERS AND CLEARING ORGANIZATIONS

Amounts receivable from broker-dealers and clearing organizations at December 31, 2007, consist of the following:

	<u>.</u>	<u>Receivable</u>
Due from broker dealer (PAIB Agreement on file)	\$	4,761
Due from broker dealer		79,586
	\$	84,347

NOTE 8- SECURITIES OWNED AT MARKET

Marketable securities owned at December 31, 2007, consist of investment securities at quoted market values, as illustrated below:

	<u>Owned</u>		
Common stock at market	\$ 39,000		

NOTE 9- GUARANTEES

FASB Interpretation No. 45 (FIN 45), Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others, requires the Company to disclose information about its obligations under certain guarantee arrangements. FIN 45 defines guarantees as contracts and indemnification agreements that contingently require a guarantor to make payments to the guaranteed party based on changes in an underlying (such as an interest or foreign exchange rate, security or commodity price, an index or the occurrence or non occurrence of a specified event) related to an asset, liability or equity security of a guaranteed party. FIN 45 also defines guarantees as contracts that contingently require the guarantor to make payments to the guaranteed party based on another entity's failure to perform under an agreement as well as indirect guarantees of the indebtedness of others.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2007

NOTE 9- GUARANTEES (continued)

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Indemnifications

In the normal course of its business, the Company indemnifies and guarantees certain service providers, such as clearing and custody agents, trustees and administrators, against specified potential losses in connection with their acting as an agent of, or providing services to, the Company or its affiliates. The maximum potential amount of future payments that the Company could be required to make under the indemnifications cannot be estimated. However, the Company believes that it is unlikely it will have to make material payments under these arrangements and has not recorded any contingent liability in the financial statements for these indemnifications.

The Company provides representations and warranties to counterparties in connection with a variety of commercial transactions and occasionally indemnifies them against potential losses caused by the breach of those representations and warranties. The Company may also provide standard indemnifications to some counterparties to protect them in the event additional taxes are owed or payments are withheld, due either to a change in or adverse application of certain tax laws. These indemnifications generally are standard contractual terms and are entered into in the normal course of business. The maximum potential amount of future payments that the Company could be required to make under these indemnifications cannot be estimated. However, the Company believes that it is unlikely it will have to make material payments under these arrangements and has not recorded any contingent liability in the consolidated financial statements for these indemnifications.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PURSUANT TO RULE 17a-5 OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

SCHEDULE I COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION DECEMBER 31, 2007

NET CAPITAL:				
Member's equity			\$	122,031
Less non allowable assets:				
Due from Broker Dealers	79	,586		
Prepaid expenses	5	,590		85,176
Add: Discretionary liabilities				40,000
Less: Haircut on securities				5,850
NET CAPITAL			\$	71,005
NET CALITAE			—	71,005
AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS, total liabilities			\$	82,346
MINIMUM NET CAPITAL REQUIRED (12.5% of aggregate indebtedness	s)		\$	10,293
MINIMUM NET CAPITAL DOLLAR REQUIREMENT			\$	5,000
MINIMUM NET CAPITAL REQUIRED			\$	10,293
EXCESS NET CAPITAL (\$71,005 - \$10,293)			\$	60,712
				
PERCENTAGE OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS TO \$	82	,346		
NET CAPITAL \$,005		115.97%

SCHEDULE II RECONCILIATION OF COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 17a-5(d) (4) OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION DECEMBER 31, 2007

NET CAPITAL, as reported in Company's Part II-A Focus Report (Unaudited)	\$ 93,669
Decreases in net capital: Accrued legal fees	 (22,664)
NET CAPITAL, per audit	\$ 71,005

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

KEMPISTY & COMPANY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, P.C.

15 MAIDEN LANE - SUITE 1003 - NEW YORK, NY 10038 - TEL (212) 406-7272 - FAX (212) 513-1930

The Members of Matchett Capital, LLC

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In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Matchett Capital, LLC (the "Company"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities; we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits, and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Matchett Capital, LLC

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A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2007, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the members, management, the SEC, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5 (g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

kempisty & Company CPAs PC

Kempisty & Company Certified Public Accountants PC New York, New York February 22, 2008

